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EXAMINER

RANGREJ, SHEETAL

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PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/787,045	Applicant(s) HATLESTAD ET AL.	
	Examiner SHEETAL R. RANGREJ	Art Unit 3686	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 December 2008.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-11, 13, 14 and 16-28 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-11, 13, 14 and 16-28 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>12/17/2008</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Prosecution History Summary

- Claims 12 and 15 are cancelled.
- Claims 1, 9, 20, 24, and 26-28 are amended.
- Claims 1-11, 13-14, and 16-28 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 1-11, 13-14, and 16-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yarin et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,294,999) in view of LaPorte et al. (U.S. Publication No. 2005/0182389).

3. As per claim 1, Yarin teaches a medication storage, therapy, and consumption management system, comprising:

-an external, non-ambulatory containment unit configured to accessibly house diuretic medication (**Yarin: figure 3**);

-a health management host system coupled to the containment unit in a manner that allows data transmission (**Yarin: figure 9**);

-said containment unit including communications and control system that records and transmits data relating to a medication event, said containment unit control system further providing for transmitting and receiving medication therapy data (**Yarin: figure 9**);

-said health management host system configured to receive data related to the medication event (**Yarin: col. 10, 53-62**), receive physiologic data (**Yarin: col. 9, 56-62**), analyze the patient physiologic data and the medication event data (**Yarin: col. 11, 27-32**), and generate a diuretic medication therapy regimen using the analysis of the patient physiological data and the medication event data (**Yarin: col. 12, 11-20**).

Yarin, however, fails to expressly teach a medication storage, therapy, and consumption management system, comprising: an implantable device configured to implantably electrically monitor fluid retention; and receiving patient physiological data including fluid retention data collected by the implantable device.

Nevertheless, these features are old and well known in the art as evidenced by LaPorte. In particular, LaPorte teaches a medication storage, therapy, and consumption management system, comprising: an implantable device configured to implantably electrically monitor fluid retention; and receiving patient physiological data including fluid retention data collected by the implantable device (**LaPorte: para. 41; para 43**).

One of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Yarin with the teachings of LaPorte with the motivation that therapeutic substance therapy in conjunction with the activities and information obtained by an implanted medical device is an important consideration in the overall treatment of a patient (**LaPorte: para. 7**).

4. As per claim 2, Yarin teaches wherein the patient physiological data comprises weight, fluid retention data, data monitored by an implantable device and neuro-hormonal data (**Yarin: fig. 8; col. 5, 49-64; col. 6, 35-44**). The examiner interprets that measurements relating to weight, fluid retention data, data monitored by an implantable device, and neuro-hormonal data are included in the data gathered by various appliances.
5. As per claim 3, Yarin teaches wherein the containment unit is further configured to communicate wirelessly with said health management host system (**Yarin: figures 1-2**).
6. As per claim 4, Yarin teaches wherein the containment unit is configured with a display device to illustrate a medication therapy strategy (**Yarin: fig. 12; col. 6, 29-35**).
7. As per claim 5, Yarin teaches wherein the containment unit is configured to receive data from an external source and further configured to transmit such data to the health management host system (**Yarin: col. 11, 28-33**).
8. As per claim 6, Yarin teaches wherein the containment unit is further configured to notify the patient when it is time to take the medication housed therein (**Yarin: col. 10, 63-64**).
9. As per claim 7, Yarin teaches wherein the containment unit is further configured to communicate a request for a medication re-fill with a pharmacy system when the quantity of the medication is below a pre-determined level (**Yarin: col. 3, 41-50**).
10. As per claim 8, Yarin teaches wherein said health management host system processes said data related to the medication event data and said patient physiological data, and in response thereto provides for the generation of an updated medication therapy regimen (**Yarin: col. 11, 11-26**).

11. As per claim 9, Yarin teaches an electronic patient health management system, comprising:

-an external, non-ambulatory a medication therapy management device, configured to house diuretic medication and store data related to patient consumption of medication (**Yarin: col. 3, 37-40**), the medication therapy management device further configured for interrogating the medical measurement device and processing the data retrieved from the medical measurement[[s]] device and the data related to patient consumption of medication (**Yarin: col. 11, 5-10; col. 11, 34-47**); and

-a patient wellness host system, communicatively coupled to the medication therapy management diagnostic device, configured to receive the processed data (**Yarin: col. 11, 20-23**) and use the processed data to generate a diuretic medication therapy regimen (**Yarin: figure 8**).

Yarin, however, fails to expressly teach an electronic patient health management system, comprising: -an implantable medical measurement device for implantably electrically measuring data related to at least one patient physiological health factor including fluid retention data.

Nevertheless, these features are old and well known in the art as evidenced by LaPorte. In particular, LaPorte teaches an electronic patient health management system, comprising: -an implantable medical measurement device for implantably electrically measuring data related to at least one patient physiological health factor including fluid retention data (**LaPorte: para. 41; para. 43**).

The motivation to combine the teachings is the same as claim 1.

12. As per claim 10, Yarin teaches wherein the medication therapy management diagnostic device is further configured to provide a reminder to a patient when it is time to take the medication (**Yarin: col. 10, 63-64**).
13. As per claim 11, Yarin teaches comprising an external medical measurement device for measuring data related to at least one patient physiological health factor (**Yarin: col. 11, col. 3, 51-65**).
14. As per claim 13, Yarin teaches wherein the medical measurement electronic diagnostic device is communicatively coupled to the patient wellness host system via an Internet connection (**Yarin: col. 3, 41-50**).
15. As per claim 14, Yarin teaches wherein the medical measurement electronic diagnostic device is communicatively coupled to the patient wellness host system via a wireless communication link (**Yarin: col. 3, 41-50; col. 6, 3-5**).
16. As per claim 16, Yarin teaches wherein data related to the at least one patient physiological health factor comprises data monitored by an implantable device (**Yarin: fig. 8; col. 5, 49-64; col. 6, 35-44**).
17. As per claim 17, Yarin teaches wherein data related to the at least one patient physiological health factor comprises weight data (**Yarin: fig. 8; col. 5, 49-64; col. 6, 35-44**).
18. As per claim 18, Yarin teaches wherein data related to the at least one patient physiological health factor comprises neuro-hormonal data (**Yarin: fig. 8; col. 5, 49-64; col. 6, 35-44**).

19. As per claim 19, Yarin teaches wherein data related to the at least one patient physiological health factor comprises renal function data (**Yarin: fig. 8; col. 5, 49-64; col. 6, 35-44**).
20. As per claim 20, Yarin teaches further configured to process said data received in order to develop a therapeutic response (**Yarin: col. 11, 11-26**).
21. As per claim 21, Yarin teaches wherein the developed therapeutic response comprises revising medication regime (**Yarin: col. 11, 48-54**), maintaining current medication regime (**Yarin: col. 3, 36-40**), and recommending a diet plan (**Yarin: col. 11, 40-47**).
22. As per claim 22, Yarin teaches wherein the patient wellness host system is a computer, which comprises with a memory (**Yarin: col. 7, 3-5**), a processor (**Yarin: col. 6, 45-48**) and a user interface (**Yarin: col. 6, 26-28**).
23. As per claim 23, Yarin teaches wherein the medication diagnostic device communicates with the patient wellness host system to alert the wellness manager that the medication level is below a pre-determined level (**Yarin: col. 5, 42-46**).
24. As per claim 24, Yarin teaches a method for remote management of medication therapy using an external, non-ambulatory medication containment unit, the method comprising:
- alerting a patient when it is time to carry out diuretic medication step of a first therapeutic plan (**Yarin: col. 10, 53-64**);
 - sensing when the an external, non-ambulatory medication containment unit is engaged and recording the same as a medication event (**Yarin: col. 9, 21-41; col. 11, 5-10**);
 - receiving patient physiological data (**Yarin: col. 5, 49-54**);
 - processing said patient physiological data and said medication event data (**Yarin: col. 11, 34-**

47); and

-generating a second therapeutic plan in response to said processing of said patient physiological data and said medication event data (**Yarin: col. 11, 34-47**).

Yarin, however, fails to expressly teach a method for remote management of a medication therapy using a medication containment unit, the method comprising: implantably electrically sensing fluid retention data; and receiving patient physiological data including the implantably-sensed fluid retention data.

Nevertheless, these features are old and well known in the art as evidenced by LaPorte. In particular, LaPorte teaches a method for remote management of a medication therapy using a medication containment unit, the method comprising: implantably electrically sensing fluid retention data (**LaPorte: para. 41; para. 43**); and receiving patient physiological data including the implantably-sensed fluid retention data (**LaPorte: para. 41; para. 43**).

The motivation to combine the teachings is the same as claim 1.

25. As per claim 25, Yarin teaches wherein the alerting step comprises notifying the patient to consume at least one of medication (**Yarin: col. 10, 53-64**).

26. As per claim 26, Yarin teaches wherein the alerting step comprises causing the an external, non-ambulatory medication containment unit to generate one of the following, an audible sound, to vibrate and to communicate with a second external device which responsively prompts the patient to act (**Yarin: col. 8, 43-48**).

27. As per claim 27, Yarin teaches wherein the receiving step is initiated by an external device transmitting patient physiological data to the external, non-ambulatory containment unit (**Yarin: col. 5, 49-54**).

28. As per claim 28, Yarin teaches wherein the receiving step is initiated when the external, non-ambulatory containment unit interrogates an external device (**Yarin: col. 5, 49-54**).

Response to Arguments

29. Applicant's arguments filed for claims 1-11, 13-14, and 16-28 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

30. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992).

31. In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

Applicant argues that Applicant can not find in Yarin et al. any indication that the Smart Tray is configured to communicate with an implanted sensor; with furthermore stating that LaPorte et al. is incapable of receiving within such receptacle of Yarin et al. It is submitted that applicant is

arguing against the references individually when a combination of references are used in the rejection. Yarin et al. teaches wireless communication with a device, while LaPorte et al. was added because it discloses device implanted within the patient and that has wireless communication as being well-known in the art. Yarin is only distinguished from LaPorte in the sense that it communicates with an external device.

Conclusion

32. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

33. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a).

Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SHEETAL R. RANGREJ whose telephone number is (571) 270-1368. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jerry O'Connor can be reached on (571) 272-6787. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or (571) 272-1000.

/S. R. R./
Examiner, Art Unit 3686
March 18, 2009

/Gerald J. O'Connor/
Supervisory Patent Examiner
Group Art Unit 3686